



User Manual NLSW®75-A Ex (Gg) & Sensor F3.x Ex

24 V AC, 24 V DC, 230 V AC



Bedienungsanleitung NLSW[®]45-3 Ex SIL2





The person installing the devices as well as the system operator are obligated to ensure the satisfaction of the mandatory national ex-legislation.

Electrostatic charges on plastic parts and wires must be avoided.

The devices must be protected from any damage. Stray radiation must be avoided.

The wire connecting the flow sensor must be attached to stationary surfaces and must be protected from any harm.

The product fulfills the requirements specified in the European directives WEEE 2012/19/EU and RoHS 2011/65/EU.



CONTENT

1.	PREAMBLE
1.1	Safety Instructions 5
2.	GENERAL INFORMATION ON EXPLOSION PROTECTION
2.1	Electrical specifications for Ex-i
2.2	Intrinsically safe parameters
2.3	Sensor Properties for Series F3.x Ex
2.4	Type code
2.5	Dimensions of the air flow sensors F3.x Ex
2.5	.1 F3 Ex
2.5	.2 F3.1 Ex
2.5	.3 F3.2 Ex
2.6	Temperature class
2.7	General requirements
2.7	.1 Intended use
2.7	.2 General safety instructions
3.	INSTALLATION AND COMMISSIONING
3.1	Installation conditions of the air flow sensors F3.x Ex11
3.2	Installation11
4.	MAINTENANCE AND SERVICE
4.1	Definitions
5.	TROUBLESHOOTING
6.	DISPOSAL
7.	LABELLING OF THE AIR FLOW SENSORS F3.X EX
8.	GENERAL DESCRIPTION NLSW®75-A EX14
9.	TECHNICAL DATA OF THE AIR FLOW MONITORS NLSW®75-A EX
10.	INSTALLATION OF THE AIR FLOW MONITORS NLSW®75-A EX
10.	1 Commissioning and switch-point adjustment15
11.	EU KONFORMITÄTSERKLÄRUNG



1. PREAMBLE

1.1 Safety Instructions

Please read the entire operating instructions to ensure the full operational capability of the devices and your own safety before starting their installation. If questions arise you may contact the manufacturer SEIKOM Electronic GmbH & Co.KG directly. The directions, contained in these operating instructions, must be followed.

The following standards were considered in the evaluation of the product:

- a) IEC 60079-0:2017 Ed. 7 "Explosive atmospheres Part 0: Equipment General requirements "
- b) IEC 60079-11:2011 Ed. 6 + Corr. 2012 / EN 60079-11:2012 "Explosive atmospheres Part 11: Equipment protection by intrinsic safety "i" "
- c) TRGS 727:2016 "Vermeidung von Zündgefahren infolge elektrostatischer Aufladung"

2. GENERAL INFORMATION ON EXPLOSION PROTECTION

The intrinsically safe air flow sensor measures air flow velocities in the range of 0.1 ... 20.0 m/s via the calorimetric principle. According to the operating principle either the degree of cooling (cooling method) or the required amount of heat, necessary to maintain the heating sensor elements' temperature constant (constant temperature method), is determined to indicate flow.

The air flow sensors of the series F3.x Ex are built for commercial use and shall only be used according to the technical documentation provided by SEIKOM-Electronic GmbH & Co.KG and specifications on their labels. The air flow sensors shall only be operated with certified products via an intrinsically safe electrical circuit, which is fed by Zener-barriers. These barriers satisfy valid standards and provisions.

The general provisions on the construction of facilities in areas exposed to explosion hazards (e.g., EN 60079-14) need to be considered. Additional important details can be found in the alongside delivered EC type examination certificate.

The requirements regarding simple electrical utilities applicable within areas exposed to explosion hazards due to gases in zone 1 according to EN 60079-11 are satisfied.

In accordance with its label, the air flow sensor can be used as specified below:

> In zone 2 (Gas-Ex, EPL Gc) in ex-groups IIA, IIB und IIC.

The qualification concerning the surface temperature is T4. The equipment does not present an ignition source for any gases, vapours and fogs with an ignition temperature above 135 °C.

The permissible ambient temperature range for the air flow sensor is $-10^{\circ}C \le Ta \le 50^{\circ}C$. The permissible ambient temperature range for the NLSW⁰75-A Ex evaluation electronics goes from $-20^{\circ}C \le Ta \le 50^{\circ}C$. The permissible media temperature (air flow sensor) is $0^{\circ}C \le T \le 60^{\circ}C$.

Self-heating is generally negligible; in case of failure the threshold values of temperature class T4 may be reached.



2.1 Electrical specifications for Ex-i





When installing, please note that the Z- barriers BZE804 and BZE805 have different values. If the barriers are swapped, the airflow monitor NLSW®75-A Ex will not work properly.

2.2 Intrinsically safe parameters

Туре	Value
Ui	25 V DC
li	80 mA
Pi	0.35 W @ 40°C
	0.24 W @ 110°C
Ci	negligible
Li	negligible

User Manual NLSW®75-A Ex (Gg) & Sensor F3.x Ex



2.3 Sensor Properties for Series F3.x Ex

Туре	F3 Ex	F3.1 Ex	F3.2 Ex	F3.3 Ex
Article-No.	50276Ex/50	50276Ex/130	50276Ex/165	50276Ex/300
Approx. Immersion depth	50 mm	130 mm	165 mm	300 mm
Permissible media temperature	0°C 60°C			
Permissible ambient temperature	-10°C 50°C			
Temperature gradient	10 K/min			
Connection	PG7			
Probe tube material	CuZn39Pb2, nickel-plated			
Compression strength	10 bar			
Electrical connection	2.5 m / 3 x 0.75 mm ²			
Protection class	IP67			
Evaluation unit	NLSW®45-3 Ex, NLSW®75-A Ex			
Wire colors	Black numbered			
	Tested according to DIN EN 61010-1:2011-07 by TÜV Nord		1-07	

2.4 Type code

There is only one kind of flow sensor F3, the different types vary only by their length. Please review the table shown above.



2.5 Dimensions of the air flow sensors F3.xEx

2.5.1 F3 Ex



2.5.2 F3.1 Ex



2.5.3 F3.2 Ex



2.6 Temperature class

The sensors are suitable for use with temperature class T4.



2.7 General requirements

2.7.1 Intended use

- a) Safe use can only be ensured if the devices are used according to the specifications of the operating instructions provided in this document. Moreover, the legal and safety requirements specific to the individual use must be satisfied. This is also applicable to the use of additional equipment such as accessories.
- b) Incorrect use of the product or deviation from the directions contained by this instruction result in a cancellation of our liability. Furthermore, any warranty on products or spare parts will be cancelled.
- c) The products are no safety features in the scope of their dedicated use.
- d) Only original parts from the manufacturer can be used.

2.7.2 General safety instructions

The sensor corresponds to the best available technology and is reliable in operation. If installed or operated incorrectly, for instance due to installation or operation by unqualified personnel, a residual risk may arise from the sensor.

Any person conducting the installation, start-up, maintenance or repair of the air flow sensors and monitors must have read and understood the operating instructions and especially the safety instructions.

- a) Consider general engineering rules and the dedicated use when choosing a product.
- b) All electrical and mechanical equipment must be suitable for their intended use.
- c) Pay attention to the information provided in this manual as well as the permissible operating conditions printed on the label/type plate of the respective product.
- d) Ensure that only products with the required ignition protection type, depending on the zone, are installed!
- e) The products are only approved for their designated and appropriate use in ordinary industrial atmosphere. Immersion in liquids is impermissible.
- f) Ensure that no falling objects may hit the product. In connection with rust (corrosion), light metal and kinetic energy an exothermal, ignitable reaction can result.
- g) The operator has to ensure the lightning protection according to local regulations.
- h) Follow general engineering rules when choosing and operating products.
- The person performing the installation of the air flow sensors and their connection to the flow monitors is responsible for their correct function and must ensure that they are eligible for their intended use.
- j) The intrinsically safe connection, including the air flow sensors, must be carried out via approved flow monitors, which, if necessary, must be installed with suitable Zenerbarriers or switching amplifiers.

3. INSTALLATION AND COMMISSIONING

Depending on the IP protection class time intervals for cleaning of the equipment (accumulation of dust) must be set. Additional important facts:

a) The product can be installed in zone 2 (Cat. 3G, EPL Gc) or in zone 1 (Cat. 2G, EPL Gb) in intrinsically safe electrical circuits by professionals equally competent to qualified personnel according to TRBS 1203.



- b) The information provided on the label must be followed bindingly during installation.
- c) The products can only be operated in ordinary industrial atmosphere. The manufacturer must be contacted if the atmosphere contains aggressive components. In case of adverse ambient conditions, the sensors need to be protected accordingly.
- d) Usage of the devices is only permissible when they are fully mounted and connected in an intact condition. Damages would enable a zone entrainment which must therefore be considered by the operator. Usage of devices with damaged casing is not permitted.
- e) The defined permissible ambient conditions must be met, the products must be protected from adverse ambient conditions.
- f) Thermal radiation of other components and products must be considered.
- g) The air flow sensors must be protected from impermissible inflow of liquids and/or pollution.
- h) Tight or stuck parts, e. g. due to frost or corrosion, cannot be loosened with force if exposed to an explosive atmosphere. Icing must therefore be avoided.
- i) The air flow sensors can only be exposed to minor vibrations, see IEC 34-14.
- j) To ensure the dissipation of electrostatic charges, national regulations must be considered.
- k) Especially capacities that build up in an isolated manner must be avoided.
- l) The flow sensor housing should be connected to the potential equalization electrostatically, a threshold value of $1M\Omega$ is permissible.
- Mathematical methods and a state of the stat
- n) The power $\mathsf{P}_{\scriptscriptstyle 0}$ of all supply units combined must be lower or equal to the power Pi of the air flow sensors.
- o) The supply voltage of the supply units must be lower or equal to the voltage $U_{\rm i}$ of the air flow sensors.
- p) The current I_{o} of all supply units combined must be lower or equal to the current I_{i} of the air flow sensors.
- q) For the installation of an intrinsically safe electrical circuit, a block diagram (system description) is necessary, which must be provided by the builder or operator.
- r) If a Zener-barrier is used, a potential equalisation between the grounding connection and the flow sensor casing alongside the intrinsically safe electrical circuit must be ensured.
- s) The certificates including the therein defined special conditions must be considered.
- t) Tight or stuck parts, e. g. due to frost or corrosion, cannot be loosened with force if exposed to an explosive atmosphere.
- The flow sensors cannot be used in facilities with cathodic corrosion protection. Although special precautions might enable the use of the flow sensors in this special case, the manufacturer must be contacted in any scenario. Parasitic currents cannot be discharged via the construction.
- v) Within the area exposed to an explosion hazard the installation must comply with local regulations.

The following conditions must be met:

- a) Installation and maintenance may only be executed in atmospheres without any explosion hazard and in compliance with the applicable national regulations depending on the location of operation.
- Additional precautions must be made if hydrogen sulphide, ethylene oxide or carbon monoxide may be or are present. These substances require only very low energy to ignite.
- c) In case these substances and a substance of explosion group IIC and a presumably explosive atmosphere are present only non-arcing tools can be used!

User Manual NLSW®75-A Ex (Gg) & Sensor F3.x Ex



3.1 Installation conditions of the air flow sensors F3.x Ex

Please consider the following points while mounting the air flow sensors to avoid any malfunction:

- a) The tip of the sensor should be placed in the centre of the tube. The gaseous medium must fully flow through the drilled hole located within the tip section of the sensor.
- b) The mark on the base of the sensor may be used to verify whether the opening of the drilled hole points in the direction of the flow.
- c) In case of vertical tubing the direction of flow should be upwards. An inlet zone of 5xD, before the sensor, and an outlet zone of 3xD, after the sensor should be maintained (D=inner diameter of the pipe).
- d) The air flow sensor must be connected with the air flow monitor according to the block diagram. Any alteration of the connections leads to malfunction and may result in defects.
- e) The shield must be connected to the potential equalization.
- f) An extension of the sensor wiring (shielded) is only permitted if the wiring is used in nonexplosive atmosphere. Yet, a total length of 30 m at a minimum cross section of 1,5 mm² cannot be exceeded.

During operation the following points concerning the wiring must be considered:

- a) In case of flexible mounting the applicable temperature range is -5 °C up to +80 °C with a minimum bend radius of 10x wire diameter.
- b) In case of stationary mounting the applicable temperature range is -40 °C up to +80 °C with a minimum bend radius of 10x wire diameter.

The wiring is not eligible for outdoor use or burying in the ground. Please contact the manufacturer if the present operating conditions deviate from the specifications.

3.2 Installation

The sensor can be mounted via the PG7 connected to the sensor housing. Furthermore, mounting can be supported by the alongside delivered PG7-nuts. During mounting the mark may be used to ensure the correct orientation of the hole within the tip of the sensor, so that the medium can fully flow through it. During startup of the device with media temperatures below 0 °C and strong air flow, the start-up time may increase to 60 s.





4. MAINTENANCE AND SERVICE

4.1 Definitions

Definitions according to IEC 60079-17:

Maintenance and repair: A combination of activities, carried out to maintain an object in a certain condition or to regain this condition, which satisfies the requirements of the relevant specifications and ensures the ability to perform the demanded functions.

Inspection: An activity, involving the thorough investigation of an object, with the aim of obtaining a reliable conclusion regarding the condition of the object, which is conducted without removal of the object, or if necessary with partial removal, complemented by actions such as measurements.

Visual Inspection: A visual inspection is an examination during which visible faults may be recognized (e.g. missing screws) without application of any tools or gaining further access.

Close Inspection: An inspection that exceeds the visual inspection, during which faults may be recognized (e. g. loose screw) that require further access or the utilization of tools. Neither opening a housing nor switching to zero potential is usually required for a close inspection.

Detailed Inspection: An inspection that exceeds the close inspection, enabling the detection of faults (e. g., loose connections) that can only be recognized if a housing is opened and/or, if necessary, tools and testing equipment are utilized.

- a) Maintenance activities can only be performed by qualified personnel.
- b) Accessories used within areas exposed to explosion hazards have to satisfy the requirements of the European directives and national legislation.
- c) Maintenance activities involving the removal of sensors can only be performed in areas without any explosion hazards.
- d) Only original parts, dedicated for the use within areas exposed to explosion hazards, can be used for the replacement of components.
- e) Products within the area exposed to an explosion hazard must be serviced and cleaned regularly. The intervals must be determined by the operator according to the environmental stress on site.

Activity	Monthly visual inspection	Close inspection every 6 month	Detailed inspection every 12 month
Visual check of the sensors			
regarding damage, removal	•		
of accumulated dust			
Inspection regarding			
intactness and function			•
Inspection of the entire	Responsibility of the operator		
facility			

Polluted air flow sensors shall only be cleaned in lukewarm soapy water. Before reinstallation the sensors should be air-dried completely. Never use hard or sharp objects (e.g. screwdriver, steel brush) for cleaning.



5. TROUBLESHOOTING

Products used in areas exposed to explosion hazards cannot be altered or modified. Repair of the product can only be performed by qualified and authorised personnel which has received specialised education in this field.

Problem	Cause	Solution	
NLSW®75-A Ex does not	No or wrong supply voltage	Check supply voltage and	
work	No of wrong supply voltage	connection	
	Sensor not installed correctly or		
NLSW®75-A Ex cannot	the measured range does not	Check installation conditions	
identify flow	correspond to the technical	and installation	
	data		
NLSW [®] 75-A Ex shows	Sensor is polluted	Clean the sensor with lukewarm	
changed behaviour	Sensor is polluted	soapy water	
NLSW®75-A Ex switches in	The temperature gradient	Bo adjust switchpoint (
case of fast temperature	exceeds the technical data	reinforcement / zero point	
increase	exceeds the technical data	Termorcement / Zero point	

6. DISPOSAL

The disposal of the packaging materials and used parts must be in accordance with the national regulations relevant in the location of operation of the product.

7. LABELLING OF THE AIR FLOW SENSORS F3.X EX

Every air flow sensor of the series F3.x Ex carries a readable label which specifies the required explosion protection class as specified below. The label cannot be removed. Generally, a readable identification of the required explosion protection class in field use must be attached before the first use of the product.

SEIKOM-Electronic GmbH & Co.KG		
Gold-Zack-Straße 7		
D-40822 Mettmann		
Type: F3.x Ex		
[Serial number]	C E [Year of construction]	
TFR: 18 ATEX 0003		
E II 3G Ex ic IIC T4 Gc		
0 °C ≤ Ta ≤ 60 °C		

A sensor, that was once used in a not intrinsically safe electric circuit, cannot be used in intrinsically safe electric circuits subsequently.



8. GENERAL DESCRIPTION NLSW®75-A EX

With this air flow monitor, you can depict air flows via an externally connected display or realize a min-max-control via a limiting value transmitter. The monitor also has a continuously adjustable change-over contact. You can adjust the analog outputs by setting 0V in the absence of flow and 10 V at maximum flow (20 mA). The switch-point of the output relay can be adjusted in the range of 0 ... 10 V.

9. TECHNICAL DATA OF THE AIR FLOW MONITORS NLSW®75-A EX

Туре	NLSW®75-A Ex			
Article-No.	70789Ex/DC	70789Ex/AC	60620Ex	
Operating voltage	24 V DC	24 V AC	230 V AC	
Voltage tolerance	± 5%			
Overvoltage category	II			
Signal display, voltage	Green LED			
Max. power	E)/A			
consumption.		JVA		
Permissible ambient		-20°C 50°C		
temperature		-20 0 30 0		
Signal output flow		1 change-over contact		
Switch function in case		Relay contact changes		
of flow				
Current and contact		250 V AC: 6 A 1 5 KVA		
rating	200 • 7,0,07, 1,0 k • 7			
Signal display flow	Yellow LED			
Analog outputs	0 10 V / 4 20 mA relative			
Burden	200 Ω			
Applicable range of	0°C 60°C			
media temperature				
Switch-point	Adjustable via potentiometer			
Measurable range	Adjustable via potentiometer, 0,5m/s 20.0 m/s			
Flow sensors	F3Ex, F3.1Ex, F3.2Ex, F3.3Ex			
Z-Barrier	2 pcs. included in delivery			
Electrical connection	16 clips, 2.5 mm ²			
Protection class casing	IP20			
Protection class clips	IP20			
Casing	Standard housing N75			
Casing dimensions	-	12 mm v 75 mm v 73 mn	2	
(L x W x H)			I	
Mark of conformity		CE		



10. INSTALLATION OF THE AIR FLOW MONITORS NLSW®75-A EX

The air flow monitors of the series NLSW®75-A Ex must be mounted together with the safety barriers, outside of the area exposed to an explosion hazard. The protection class IP20 of the housing must be considered.

Connection and start-up must be conducted by qualified personnel. The mandatory competence of qualified personnel includes knowledge of the types of ignition protection as well as provisions and regulations concerning equipment in ex-zones! Verify whether the classification (according to these instructions and the labelling of the devices) is sufficient for the dedicated use.

The housing enables mounting on a profile rail NS35/7,5 according to DIN EN 50022-35. If the profile rail is exposed to larger vibrations, it has to be mounted in a vibration-reducing manner. Please follow the provisions of DIN EN 60034-14 (IEC34-14).

Furthermore, the following points must be considered:

- a) For the installation of an intrinsically safe electrical circuit a block diagram (system description) is required, which must be supplied by the builder or operator
- b) The installation can only be conducted in a cleared status
- c) The start-up can only be performed after the mounting and electrical connection have been finished
- d) The permissible ambient conditions specified in this operating instruction cannot be exceeded



ATTENTION: It is not permitted to connect the connection "N" of the supply voltage with b2 (strand no. 2) of the sensor wire when using a 24 AC and DC air flow monitor of the series NLSW®75-A Ex!

10.1 Commissioning and switch-point adjustment

The relation between air flow velocity and resistance change is non-linear. In the lower section (small flow) the change of resistance is large. The change of resistance becomes smaller with constant increase of them flow velocity in the upper section. This characteristic should be considered when adjusting the switch-point. Moreover, the following requirements must be taken into account:

Small changes of flow in the high section of flow velocity: The switch-point must be chosen close to the usual value of the flow, because the changes of the measured value are very small with changing flow. Since the temperature compensation lags behind the real change of temperature, such a kind of switch-point adjustment is only possible in use cases with slow temperature change.

Small changes of flow in the small section of flow velocity: The switch-point can be selected with a certain distance to the usual value of the flow, since changes in the measured value are large for changing flow. Temperature changes are not influencing the switching behavior.

Large changes of flow: In this case a yes/no response is desired (e.g. to verify that a fan is working or not). Therefore a large interval may be selected, so that neither temperature changes nor turbulences may impact the switching behavior.



For the start-up the following approach is recommended:

- 1. Install the air flow sensor and monitor according to the instructions.
- 2. Connect analog measuring equipment.
- 3. Set potentiometer "Reinforcement" to minimum sensitivity (left stop).
- 4. Switch Supply voltage; the green LED lights up and the device is ready to operate within two seconds.
- 5. Without flow, adjust the the output voltage or current with potentiometer "Zero Point" to 0V or 4mA.
- 6. Activate the flow generation.
- 7. At maximum flow, adjust the output voltage or current to 10V or 20mA with potentiometer "Reinforcement".
- Turn the potentiometer "switch-point" slowly towards maximum until the yellow LED lights up and the potential-free switcher operates; in order to obtain stable switching conditions the potentiometer "airflow" should be turned slightly over the switch-point.
- 9. Review the settings: In order to review the settings turn the air flow off, the yellow LED extinguishes, the potential-free switcher operates, activate the air flow, the yellow LED lights up, the potential-free switcher operates again.

The air flow monitor is now adjusted to monitoring function.

Please find the relation between air flow and switching position of the potential-free switcher below:

Flow ≥ Threshold value	Signal output switches	Yellow LED "airflow" lights up
Flow < Threshold value	Signal output does not operate	Yelow LED "airflow" does not light up

Please do not hesitate to contact us in case of questions or problems.

Technical development and errors reserved, Revision status: 01/2021





11. EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY





Wachsendes Netz lokaler Vertriebshändler online verfügbar www.seikom-electronic.com



Unser Produktportfolio



√ M ⊕ 0

+49 2058 2044 info@seikom-electronic.com www.seikom-electronic.com SEIKOM-Electronic GmbH & Co. KG Fortunastraße 20 42489 Wülfrath

