



User Manual **NLSW[®]45-6 & NLSW[®]45-6.1**

24 V AC/DC, 230 V AC



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1. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



Read the product description before commissioning the device. Make sure that the product is suitable for your application without any restrictions.

Improper use or use not in accordance with the intended use can lead to malfunctions of the device or to undesirable effects on your application.

For this reason, the installation, electrical connection, startup, operation and maintenance of the device may only be carried out by trained personnel.

2. GENERAL INFORMATION

The calorimetric flow monitors of the NLSW®45-6 series are an economical alternative to common pressure transmitters. The installation is simple and quick by means of a flange mount (for channel installation) or by means of a PG7 threaded connector. The switching point can be selected via the integrated potentiometer. In case a flow is present, the switching output is conductive (yellow LED on the unit is on).

2.1 Proper Use

The flow monitors of the NLSW®45-6 series operate on a thermodynamic and liquid basis without moving parts. Areas of application are the monitoring of chillers (water shortage), boiler and sprinkler systems, pumps, cooling- and lubricant circuits. They serve as a replacement for mechanical paddle monitors and wind vane relays.

2.2 Function Principle

Flow monitors of the NLSW®45-6 series function according to the calorimetric principle. A unit's relay switches when flow speed reaches a pre-selected threshold value. The calorimetric measuring principle is based on a heated temperature-sensitive resistor. Flow in the medium dissipates heat from the precision resistor, the temperature of the resistor changes and thus its resistance value. This change is evaluated by the unit. However, not only the flow speed of the medium has an influence on the dissipated amount of heat, but also its temperature, therefore a relation between flow and temperature must be established. This is achieved by a second, temperature-dependent precision resistor next to the first one. The second precision resistor (temperature compensation) is not heated and serves to measure the temperature only.

Flow \geq threshold value	Relay output energized	Yellow LED "Airflow" turns on
Flow $<$ threshold value	Relay output not energized	Yellow LED "Airflow" shuts off

3. TECHNICAL DATA

Typ	NLSW®45-6 (250°C)		NLSW®45-6.1 (400°C)	
	Article-No.	80502	81504	80502/400°C
Operating voltage	24 V AC/DC	230 V AC 50/60 Hz	24 V AC/DC	230 V AC 50/60 Hz
Overvoltage category	II			
Signal lamp voltage	Green LED			
Power consumption	3,0 VA/W	4,5 VA	3,0 VA/W	4,5 VA
Ambient temperature	-20 ... 50°C			
Switching output	Relay, 1 change-over contact			
Switching function at flow	Relay engages			
Relay output	250 V AC, 8 A, 2 kVA			
Minimum switching load	10 mA/ 5 V DC			
Signal lamp airflow	Yellow LED			
Start-up delay	Adjustable, approx. 2 ... 60 s			
Signal lamp start-up delay	-			
Media temperature range	-20...250°C		-20...400°C	
Switching point adjustment	With potentiometer			
Waterflow-/ Airflow range	0,1 ... 30,0 m/s		0,1...20,0 m/s	
Sensor (Available separately)	F8.x		F8.x/400°C	
Immersion depth (depending on sensor, approx.)	50 mm, 130 mm, 165 mm, 300 mm, 400 mm, 500 mm			
Process connection	PG7, Mounting flange			
Sensor material	stainless steel (V4A)			
Pressure resistance	10 bar			
Electrical connection	10 Klemmen, 2,5 mm ²			
Gehäuse	Standard enclosure N45			
Protection category, housing	IP40			
Protection category, terminals	IP20			
Contamination class	2			
Housing dimensions (L x W x H)	120 mm x 45 mm x 73 mm			
Type certification	Type examination TÜV Nord according to DIN EN 61010-1:2011-07			

4. INSTALLATION AND COMMISSIONING



Installation and commissioning must be performed by authorized and qualified personnel.

Connections to main supply (L, N) must be made by means of a protected isolating switch with usual fuses. As a matter of principle, the General VDE regulations must be complied with (VDE 0100, VDE 0113, VDE 0160). If the potential-free contact is connected to an extra-low safety voltage, sufficient insulation must be provided for the connecting cables up to the terminal, since otherwise the double insulation to the mains voltage side may be impaired. The current load capacity of the potential-free contact is limited to 10 A.

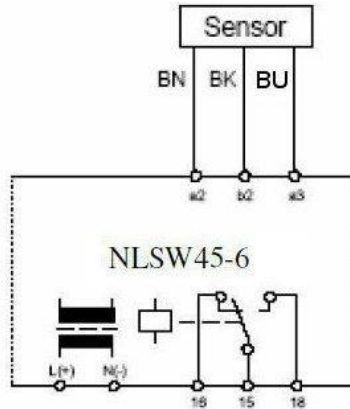
The NLSW®45-6 is designed for mounting on a profile rail (DIN EN 50022-35). If the device should be exposed to greater vibrations, mount it on vibration metal as appropriate. The built-in device according to IP20 (corresponds to VBG4) must be mounted in a housing or in the control cabinet.

4.1 Installation Conditions

To avoid malfunctions, please refer to the following points:

- The tip of the sensor should be as close as possible to the center of the pipe. The traverse hole in the shaft of the sensor must be within the full of the gaseous medium.
- There is a small notch in the metal at the end of the sensor. This mark is intended as a mounting aid and should be placed in the direction from which the current is coming.
- In case of vertical pipes, the direction of flow should be upwards, especially for small air flows (up to 1 m/s), in order to avoid influences from thermally rising air.
- The sensor needs at least 5 x D (inside pipe diameter) of free inlet and 3xD (inside pipe diameter) of outlet path to avoid false measurement due to turbulence.
- Screw in the associated sensor (available separately) only via the hexagon of the sensor housing.
- If there are deposits or air pockets in horizontal pipes, install the NLSW®45-6 sideways. The sensor is independent of the installation position.
- If the sensor line is laid in a duct together with other current-carrying lines (e.g. motors or solenoid valves), we recommend shielding the sensor line (apply shield).
- Connect the sensor to the device according to the connection diagram. Reversing the connections will result in malfunctions and possible damage.
- To avoid malfunctions, the sensor cable must be extended with a cross-section of at least 1.5 mm². The maximum cable length should not exceed 20m!

4.2 Electrical Connections



Colors: BN=brown BK=black GN=green BU= blue

4.3 Setting the Switching Point

The interrelation between air speed and resistance change of the precision resistors is **not linear**. In the lower range (low rates of flow) the relative change of resistance is large. In the upper range, the change of resistance at identical deviations in flow speed becomes increasingly smaller. When setting the switching point, it must first be determined what change is to be monitored, since some settings result in certain disadvantages. The following requirements must be taken into consideration:

Low change in the rate of flow in the high flow speed range: the switching point must be chosen very close to the measuring value of the normal flow, since the change of measuring values is very small when the rate of flow changes. Since the temperature compensation exhibits a certain amount of delay in comparison to the actual change of temperature, such a setting of the switching point is possible only with slow changes of temperature.

Low change in the rate of flow in the low flow speed range: the switching point may be selected at a greater distance from the measuring value of the normal rate of flow, since the changes of the measuring values are larger when the rate of flow changes. A change in temperature has no effect on the switching behaviour.

Large change in the rate of flow: in most cases like this a simple yes/no statement is desired (e. g. ventilator is running or ventilator stopped). Therefore, a larger safety margin may be selected, so that neither temperature changes nor turbulence have any influence on the switching behaviour.

4.4 Commissioning Instructions

When commissioning and adjusting the device, the following procedure is recommended:

- Install and connect the flow controller in accordance with installation instructions and conditions.
- Connect matching probe (F8.1 - F8.5 (400°C), available separately); Please note: Reversed sensor connections lead to malfunctions and possible damage.
- Set trimmer "Air flow" to minimum sensitivity (left limit stop).
- Set potentiometer "t=start-up delay" to the desired start-up delay time approx. 5-60 seconds. (right stop = 60 seconds)
- Connect main voltage. The green LED lights up. The device is ready for operation within a few seconds.
- The yellow LED may light up briefly and then go out again. (If the start-up delay is set to maximum, it remains on for approx. 60 seconds).
- Switch on flow generator.
- Set nominal rate of flow.
- Turn the "Air flow" potentiometer slowly clockwise until the yellow LED lights up and the signal output switches. To avoid faulty switching in the event of minor changes in the flow rate, turn slightly beyond the switching point. Depending on the start-up delay setting, do not perform this operation until the yellow LED has gone out.
- To check the function of the flow controller, reduce or stop the flow.
- The yellow LED goes out (output relay on the device has dropped out).

The device is now set to function.

5. MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

The flow sensor should be serviced at regular intervals, i.e. the flow sensor should be cleaned when used in heavily contaminated media. The following procedure is expedient:

- Dismantle flow monitor.
- Carefully soak the flow monitor in lukewarm soapy water for approx. 10 minutes (depending on the degree of soiling).
- Carefully rinse the flow monitor with lukewarm water.
- Install the flow monitor.
- Put the flow monitor into operation and, if necessary, carry out a new calibration with the evaluation electronics.



Do not clean the sensor tip with a screwdriver, wire brush or similar. There is a high risk of damage.

6. ERROR MESSAGES

The following instructions are intended as first level support in case your flow monitor is not working properly.

Problem	Potential Cause	Solution
Device does not work at all	Missing or wrong supply voltage	Check supply voltage and connection
Device does not detect an flow	Sensor is not installed properly. Flow is outside of the measurement range.	Review if the sensor was installed with its marking positioned towards the flow source and close to the duct's center. Adjust the tube's diameter to increase or decrease the flow
Device detects flow when no flow is present	Flow is present even at standstill e.g., due to ventilation flaps through which air enters from the outside	Adjust the sensor's switching point
Device shows delayed reaction behavior	Sensor tip is polluted	Carefully clean the sensor with water
Device switches in the event of a rapid media temperature increase	Temperature gradient is outside of technical specifications	Turn the " Rough " potentiometer a little further clockwise. Set switching point in hot media environment

7. EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY



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EU-Declaration of Conformity

The EU declaration of conformity applies to the following unit:

NLSW®45-6 & 6.1

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer.
We confirm the conformity to the essential requirements of the European directives:

2014/30/EU (EMV-Richtlinie)
2014/35/EU (Niederspannungsrichtlinie)
2011/65/EU (Beschränkung gefährlicher Stoffe)
2015/863/EU (Ergänzung RoHS 3)

The following standards were applied:

DIN EN IEC 63000: 2019-05
DIN EN IEC 61000-6-2: 2019-11
DIN EN 61000-6-3: 2021-03

Wülfrath, 28th March 2023









Philipp Hein
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